

THE FALLS CITY TRIBUNE

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By
ROSS & RAY

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ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR
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Congressional Convention

The republicans of the First congressional district of Nebraska are hereby called to meet in convention in the city of Lincoln, Nebraska, at ten o'clock a. m., on March 22, 1904, for the transaction of the following business:

For the nomination of a representative in congress and to select two district delegates and two alternates to the republican national convention to be held in the city of Chicago, Ill., on Tuesday, June 21, 1904, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the convention.

The basis of representation to the several counties of the district in said convention, shall be the vote cast for Hon. E. J. Burkett for congress at the regular election held November 4, 1902 on a basis of one delegate for each one hundred votes or major fraction thereof so cast, and one delegate at large for each county, which said apportionment entitles the several counties of the district to the following representation in said convention:

Cass	23
Otoe	20
Nemaha	17
Richardson	23
Pawnee	16
Johnson	14
Lancaster	60
Total	173

It is recommended that no proxies be allowed but the delegates be authorized to cast the full vote of the county represented by them.

By order of the congressional committee. Dated at Lincoln, Neb., February 13, 1904.

E. L. HOLVOKE, T. C. MUNGER,
Secretary. Chairman.

Senatorial Convention.

The republicans of Pawnee and Richardson counties in Nebraska, are hereby called to meet in Pawnee City, Nebraska, on Saturday, April 16, 1904, at 5 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for the state senate for the first senatorial district in Nebraska, and to transact such other business as may come before the convention.

The apportionment of delegates will be on a basis of one delegate to each one hundred votes, or major fraction thereof, received by the Hon. C. H. Norris for state senator in 1902, as follows:

Pawnee county	15
Richardson county	22

By order of the senatorial committee February, 22, 1904.

G. A. J. MOSS, JOHN L. CLEAVER,
Pawnee Co. Richardson Co.

County Convention.

The republicans of Richardson county, Nebraska, are hereby called to meet at the court house in Falls City on Thursday, March 17, 1904, at 1 p. m. for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following offices: 3 members of the legislature and one county attorney, and to elect twenty-two delegates to the state convention to be held at Lincoln May 18, 1904;

twenty-three delegates to the congressional convention to be held in Lincoln March 22, 1904; twenty-two delegates to the senatorial convention to be held in Pawnee City Neb. April 16, 1904, and to transact such other business as may come before said convention. The several precincts shall be entitled to one delegate for each ten votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for Martin Zook for county treasurer, at the general election held on November 3, 1903, as follows:

Speiser	7
Humboldt precinct	8
Humboldt, First Ward	12
Humboldt, Second Ward	9
Franklin	8
Nemaha	9
Grant	15
Porter	7
Salem	13
Liberty	14
West Muddy	11
East Muddy	9
Falls City precinct	11
" " First Ward	14
" " Second Ward	20
" " Third Ward	12
Ohio	9
South Barada	9
North Barada	9
Jefferson	10
Arago	10
Rulo	12
TOTAL	238

By order of county central committee. Dated at Falls City, Neb., February 24, 1904.

H. E. LEMMON, G. J. CROOK
Secretary. Chairman.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUSES.

The republican voters of North and South Barada precincts are hereby called to meet in caucus in the village of Barada at two o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, March 16, for the purpose of selecting nine (9) delegates from North Barada and nine (9) delegates from South Barada, to represent said precincts at the county convention to be held at Falls City on Thursday, March 17, and to transact such other business as may come before the caucus.

ROBERT HOBACK,
JAMES STEPHENSON,
Committeemen.

The republican voters of the Second ward of the city of Falls City are requested to meet in caucus at the court house on Tuesday evening, March 15, at 8 o'clock for the purpose of selecting twenty (20) delegates to the county convention to be held March 17, and to transact such other business as may come before the caucus.

W. W. LEEKINS, Committeeman.

The republican voters of Falls City township are hereby called to meet at the town hall in said township on Monday, March 14, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of selecting eleven (11) delegates to the republican county convention at Falls City on March 17, and to transact any other business that may come before them.

H. E. LEMMON, Committeeman.

The republicans voters of the Second ward of the city of Falls City are hereby called to meet in caucus at the Library Building (city hall) on Tuesday, March 15, at 8 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting 14 delegates to the county convention to be held on March 17, and to transact such other business as may come before the caucus.

W. W. ABBEY, Committeeman.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination as county attorney subject to the action of the republican county convention.

WM. J. MORAN.

If the people want to do the trusts a favor, let them turn down President Roosevelt.

There is going to be something doing in city politics. Some people are going to bump up against the fact that conditions have changed and that it is not as easy to count votes before they are cast, as it used to be.

When a man aspires to office, his ability and fitness should be the first consideration. His claim in the party should come next. If found worthy from these two stand points he should be allowed to enter the race. If not he should be ruled out.

It is not probable that other powers will become involved in the oriental war. Of course every nation is looking to its defenses and are preparing for war in time of peace. We do not believe that there will ever be another world war. Russia may whip Japan, or Japan may whip Russia and then when it comes to the terms of surrender the other powers will simply stand by and see that justice is done.

Slowly but surely the salvation of republicanism in this county is being worked out. Great forces are at work and the party is passing through a new birth. Out of the old shall be envolved the new; out of the old discord shall be wrought the harmony; the evil forces that have so long been active shall be neutralized. After the night made hideous by the phantoms of factionalism and personal hate, and envy and selfishness shall come the better day. The party has learned now who its real enemies are, and having forced them out into the light, will deal with them in no uncertain manner. The voice of the party has spoken and all her forces are relying to the defense. Will you enlist?

RENEGADES.

History makes frequent mention of the renegade and never in very flattering terms. A renegade is an opostate from the faith, without necessarily going so far as to become a convert to another faith—he has simply renounced the faith that was in him, generally from some ulterior motive.

Perhaps history affords us no more striking instance of apostacy than that of Judas Iscariot. St. Matthew tells us that: "Then one of the twelve called Judas Iscariot, went unto the chief priests and said unto them; What will you give me and I will deliver him unto you? And they covenanted with him for thirty

pieces of silver." Judas did not promise the high priests that he would become a convert to their way of thinking. He did not promise them that he would renounce the teaching of the Christ; he merely stipulated that for a very trifling reward he would betray his master unto the hands of his enemies. From the very inception of his treacherous idea, down to its consummation, Judas furnished a perfect model for all the renegades that have come after him. How often have men followed his example in every detail when they went to the enemies of their country, their political party or their church, and said, "What will you give me and I will deliver all into your hands?" In political parties have the renegades been especially active and, eliminating the sacred element from the parallel the lengths to which they will go and the means to which they will resort, are scarcely less infamous than those of their notorious model. Instances are too fresh in the minds of Richardson county people to need specific illnsion. When a republican goes to the chief priests of democracy and says "What will you give me and I will deliver my party unto your hands,?" he becomes a renegade—an apostate from the faith. They may covenant with him for thirty pieces of silver, or the salary attached to an official position, it matters not. The harm that such a man does his party is obvious. He not only gives aid and comfort to the enemy, but demoralizes to certain extent, his own party as well; for many of the faithful, seeing that the betrayal has been made, are constrained as were the apostles, to forsake the party and to flee. In the Christian world today, there is no name that is spoken with more contempt than that of Judas Iscariot, and in the political world there should be no name more abhorred than that of the apostate who betrays his party and claims his reward from the high priests of the enemy.

But here the comparison between Judas and the political renegade ends. Judas repented; a political renegade never does. Judas gave back the money; the political renegade keeps it. Judas hanged himself; the political renegade is not so accommodating. He continues to live, move and have his being and if he will not rid the party of himself, the party must rid itself of him. Let the party appropriate thirty pieces of silver, or as much thereof as is necessary to buy some place away out in the dreary wastes of oblivion, a potters field wherein to bury him, politically speaking.